

QUI

When the supreme faculties move regularly, the inferior passions and affections following, there arises a serenity and complacency upon the whole soul, infinitely beyond the greatest bodily pleasures, the highest quintessence and elixir of worldly delights.

QUINTESSENTIAL. *adj.* [from quintessence.] Consisting of quintessence.

Venturous assertions as would have puzzled the authors to have made them good, specially considering that there is nothing contrary to the quintessential matter and circular figure of the heavens; so neither is there to the light thereof. *Hakew.*

QUINTIN. *n. f.* [I know not whence derived; *Minfrew* deduces it from *quintus*, Lat. and calls it a game celebrated every fifth year; *palus quintanus*, Lat. *Ans.* *quintaine*, Fr.] An upright post, on the top of which a cross post turned upon a pin, at one end of the cross post was a broad board, and at the other a heavy sand bag; the play was to ride against the broad end with a lance, and pass by before the sand bag coming round, should strike the tilter on the back.

At *quintin* he,
In honour of his bridegroom,
Hath challeng'd either wide countess;
Come cut and long tail, for there be
Six batchelors as bold as he,
Adjoining to his company,
And each one hath his livery.

QUINTUPLE. *n. f.* [quintuplus, Lat.] Fivefold.
In the country, the greatest proportion of mortality, one hundred and fifty-six, is above quintuple unto twenty-eight the least.

QUIP. *n. f.* [derived, by the etymologists, from *whip*.] A sharp jest; a taunt; a sarcasm.

Notwithstanding all her sudden quips,
The least whereof would quell a lover's hope,
Yet, spaniel like, the more she spurns my love,
The more it grows, and fawneth on her still.
If I sent him word his beard was not well cut, he would
Send me word, he cut it to please himself: this is called the
quip modest.

Nymph bring with thee
Jest and youthful jollity,
Quips, and cranks, and wanton wiles,
Nods, and becks, and wreathed smiles.

QUIP. *v. a.* To rally with bitter sarcasms.

QUIRE. *n. f.* [cheur, Fr. chore, Italian.]

1. A body of fingers; a chorus.
The trees did bud and early blossoms bore,
And all the quire of birds did sweetly sing,
And told that garden's pleasures in their caroling.

Myself have lim'd a bush for her,
And plac'd a quire of such enticing birds,
That the will light to listen to their lays.

At thy nativity a glorious quire
Of angels in the fields of Bethlehem sung
To shepherds watching at their folds by night,
And told them the Messiah now was born.

I may worship thee
For ay, with temples vow'd and virgin quires.

As in beauty she surpass'd the quire,
So nobler than the rest was her attire.

2. The part of the church where the service is sang.
I am all on fire,
Not all the buckets in a country quire
Shall quench my rage.

Some run for buckets to the hallow'd quire,
Some cut the pipes, and some the engines play.

The fox obscene to gaping toms retires,
And wolves with howling fill the sacred quires.

3. [Cahier, Fr.] A bundle of paper consisting of twenty-four sheets.

TO QUIRE. *v. n.* [from the noun.] To sing in concert.
There's not the smallest orb which thou behold'st,
But in his motion like an angel sings,
Still quiring to the young-ey'd cherubims.

My throat of war be turn'd
Which quired with my drum, into a pipe
Small as an eunuch, or the virgin's voice
That babies lull asleep.

QUIRISTER. *n. f.* [from quire.] Chorister; one who sings in concert, generally in divine service.
The coy quirsisters, that lodge within,
Are prodigal of harmony.

QUIRK. *n. f.* [of this word I can find no rational derivation.]
1. Quick stroke; sharp fit.
I've felt so many quirks of joy and grief,
That the first face of neither on the start,
Can woman me unto't.

2. Smart taunt.
Some kind of men quarrel purposely on others to taste their
valour; belike, this is a man of that quirk.
I may chance to have some odd quirks and remnants of wit
broken on me.

QUI

Conceits, puns, quips or quibbles, jests and repartees may agreeably entertain, but have no place in the search after truth.

3. Subtlety; nicety; artful distinction.
Most fortunately he hath achiev'd a maid,
That paragon description and wild fame,
One that excels the quirks of blazoning pens.

Let a lawyer tell them he has spied some defect in an entail; how solicitous are they to repair that error, and leave nothing to the mercy of a law quirk?

Ply her with love letters and billets,
And bait them well for quirks and quilllets.

There are a thousand quirks to avoid the stroke of the law.
4. Loose light tune.
Now the chapel's silver bell you hear,
That summons you to all the pride of pray'r;
Light quirks of musick, broken and uneven.

TO QUIR. *v. a.* part. pass. *quir*; pret. *I have quirt* or *quitted*.
[quirt, Fr. quitare, Italian; quitar, Spanith.]
1. To discharge an obligation; to make even.
We will be quit of thine oath, which thou hast made us to swear.

By this act, old tyrant,
I shall be quit with thee; while I was virtuous,
I was a stranger to thy blood, but now
Sure thou wilt love me for this horrid crime.

To John I ow'd great obligation;
But John, unhappily, thought fit
To publish it to all the nation;
Sure John and I are more than quit.

2. To set free.
Thou art quit from a thousand calamities; therefore let
thy joy, which should be as great for thy freedom from them,
as is thy sadness when thou feel'st any of them, do the same
cure upon thy discontent.

Henceforth I fly not death, nor would prolong
Life much: bent rather how I may be quit
Fairest and easiest of this cumbrous charge.

To quit you wholly of this fear, you have already looked
death in the face; what have you found so terrible in it.

3. To carry through; to discharge; to perform.
Never worthy prince a day did quit
With greater hazard, and with more renown.

4. To clear himself of an affair.
Samson hath quit himself
Like Samson, and heroically hath finish'd
A life heroic, on his enemies
Fully reveng'd hath left them years of mourning.

5. To repay; to requite.
He fair the knight saluted, louting low,
Who fair him quitted, as that courteous was.

Enkindle all the sparks of nature,
To quit this horrid act.

6. To vacate obligations.
For our reward,
All our debts are paid; dangers of law,
Actions, decrees, judgments against us quitted.

One step higher
Would set me highest, and in a moment quit
The debt immense of endless gratitude.

7. To pay any obligation; to clear a debt; to be tantamount.
They both did fail of their purpose, and got not so much
as to quit their charges; because truth, which is the secret of
the most high God, whose proper handy-work all things are,
cannot be compassed with that wit and those senses which are
our own.

Far other plaints, tears and laments
The time, the place, and our estates require,
Think on thy sins, which man's old foe presents
Before that judge that quits each soul his hire.

Does not the air feed the flame? and does not the flame
at the same time warm and enlighten the air? and does not
the earth quit scores with all the elements in the noble fruits
that issue from it.

Still I shall hear, and never quit the score,
Stunn'd with hoarse Codrus' Theaid o'er and o'er.

Iron works ought to be confined to certain places, where
there is no conveyance for timber to places of vent, so as to
quit the cost of the carriage.

8. [Contracted from acquit.] To absolve; to acquit.
Nor further seek what their offences be,
Guiltless I quit, guilty I set them free.

9. To abandon; to forsake.
Their father,
Then old and fond of illuse, took such sorrow,
That he quit being.

Honours are promis'd
To all will quit 'em; and rewards propos'd
Even to slaves that can detect their courses.

Such

QUO

Such variety of arguments only distract the understanding, such a superficial way of examining is to quit truth for appearance, only to serve our vanity.

10. To resign; to give up.
The prince, renown'd in bounty as in arms,
With pity saw the ill-conceal'd distress,
Quitted his title to Campaspe's charms,
And gave the fair one to the friend's embrace.

QUITCHGRASS. *n. f.* [spice, Saxon.] Dog grass.
They are the best corn to grow on grounds subject to quitchgrass or other weeds.

QUITE. *adv.* [this is derived, by the etymologists, from *quitté*, discharged, free, Fr. which however at first appearance unlikely is much favoured by the original use of the word, which was, in this combination, *quite* and *clean*; that is, with a clean riddance: its present signification was gradually introduced.] Completely; perfectly.

Those latter exclude not the former quite and clean as unnecessary.
He hath sold us, and quite devoured our money.

If some foreign ideas will offer themselves, reject them, and hinder them from running away with our thoughts quite from the subject in hand.

The same actions may be aimed at different ends, and arise from quite contrary principles.

QUITRENT. *n. f.* [quit and rent.] Small rent reserved.
Such a tax would be insensible, and pass but as a small quittance, which every one would be content to pay towards the guard of the seas.

My old master, a little before his death, wish'd him joy of the estate which was falling to him, desiring him only to pay the gifts of charity he had left as quittrents upon the estate.

QUITTANCE. *n. f.* [quittance, Fr.]
1. Discharge from a debt or obligation; an acquittance.
Now I am rememb'red, he scorn'd at me!

But that's all one; omittance is no quittance.
2. Recompence; return; repayment.
Mine eyes saw him in bloody state,
Render'ing faint quittance, wearied and outbreath'd,
To Henry Monmouth.

Plutus, the god of gold,
Is but his steward; no meed but he repays
Sevenfold above itself; no gift to him
But breeds the giver a return exceeding
All use of quittance.

We shall forget the office of our hand,
Sooner than quittance of desert and merit.

TO QUITTANCE. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To repay; to recompense. A word not used.
Embrace me then this opportunity,
As fitting best to quittance their deceit.

QUITTER. *n. f.*
1. A deliverer.
2. Scoria of tin.

QUITTERBONE. *n. f.*
Quitterbone is a hard round swelling upon the coronet, between the heel and the quarter, and grows most commonly on the inside of the foot.

QUIVER. *n. f.* [this word seems to be corrupted from *couver*, Fr. or cover.] A case for arrows.
As Dianne hunted on a day,
She chanc'd to come where Cupid lay,
His quiver by his head,
One of his shafts the stole away,
And one of hers did close convey
Into the other's stead;

With that love wounded my love's heart,
But Dianne beasts with Cupid's dart.
Diana's nymphs would be arrayed in white, their arms and
shoulders naked, bows in their hands, and quivers by their
sides.

Her sounding quiver on her shoulder ty'd,
One hand a dart, and one a bow supply'd.

QUIVER. *adj.* Nimble; active.
There was a little quiver fellow, and he would manage you
his piece thus; and he would about and about.

TO QUIVER. *v. n.*
1. To quake; to play with a tremulous motion.
The birds chaunt melody on every bush,
The green leaves quiver with the cooling wind.

O'er the pommel cast the knight,
Forward he flew, and pitching on his head,
He quiver'd with his feet, and lay for dead.

With what a spring his furious soul broke loose,
And left the limbs still quivering on the ground.
Eurydice with quivering voice he mourn'd,
And Heber's banks Eurydice return'd.

Dancing sun beams on the waters play'd,
And verdant alders form'd a quivering shade.

Such

QUO

The dying gales that pant upon the trees,
The lakes that quiver to the curling breeze.

2. To shiver; to shudder.
Zelmane would have put to her helping hand, but she was
taken with such a quivering, that she thought it more wisdom
to lean herself to a tree and look on.

QUIVERED. *adj.* [from quiver.]
1. Furnished with a quiver.
'Tis chaffity,
She that has that, is clad in compleat steel,
And like a quiver'd nymph with arrows keen,
May trace huge forests and unharbour'd heaths,
Infamous hills, and perilous sandy wilds.

2. Sheathed as in a quiver.
From him whose quills stand quivered at his ear,
To him who notches sticks at Westminster.

TO QUOB. *v. n.* [a low word.] To move as the embryo does
in the womb; to move as the heart does when throbbing.
QUODLIBET. *n. f.* [Latin.] A nice point; a subtlety.
He who reading on the heart,
When all his quodlibets of art
Could not expound its pulse and heat,
Swore, he had never felt it beat.

QUODLIBETARIAN. *n. f.* [quodlibet, Lat.] One who talks or
disputes on any subject.
QUODLIBETICAL. *adj.* [quodlibet, Lat.] Not restrained to a
particular subject: in the schools theses or problems, anciently
proposed to be debated for curiosity or entertainment, were
so called.

QUOIF. *n. f.* [coiffe, Fr.]
1. Any cap with which the head is covered. See COIF.
Hence thou sickly quoif,
Thou art a guard too wanton for the head,
Which princes, fleth'd with conquest, aim to hit.

2. The cap of a serjeant at law.
TO QUOIF. *v. a.* [coiffer, Fr.] To cap; to dress with a head-
dress.
She is always quoified with the head of an elephant, to
show that this animal is the breed of that country.

QUOIFFURE. *n. f.* [coiffure, Fr.] Head-dress.
The lady in the next medal is very particular in her
quoiffure.

QUOIL. *n. f.* See COIL.
QUOIN. *n. f.* [coin, Fr.]
1. Corner.
A sudden tempest from the desert flew
With horrid wings, and thundered as it blew,
Then whirling round, the quoin together strook.

Build brick houses with strong and firm quoin or columns
at each end.

2. An instrument for raising warlike engines.
QUOIR. *n. f.* [coete, Dutch.]
1. Something thrown to a great distance to a certain point.
He plays at quits well.

When he played at quits, he was allowed his breeches
and stockings.

2. The discus of the ancients is sometimes called in English
quoit, but improperly; the game of quois is a game of skill;
the discus was only a trial of strength, as among us to throw
the hammer.

TO QUOIT. *v. n.* [from the noun.] To throw quois; to play
at quois. Dryden uses it to throw the discus. See the noun.
Noble youths for mastery should strive
To quoit, to run, and steeds and chariots drive.

TO QUOIT. *v. a.* To throw.
Quit him down, Bardolph, like a shove-groat filling.

QUONDAM. [Latin.] Having been formerly. A ludicrous
word.
This is the quondam king, let's seize upon him.

What lands and lordships for their owner know
My quondam barber, but his worship now.

QUOOK. *preterite of quake*. Obsolete.
Freely up those royal spoils he took,
Yet at the lion's skin he inly quook.

QUORUM. *n. f.* [Latin.] A bench of justices; such a num-
ber of any officers as is sufficient to do business.
They were a parcel of mummery, and being himself one
of the quorum in his own country, he wondered that none of
the Middlesex justices took care to lay some of them by the
heels.

QUOTA. *n. f.* [quotus, Lat.] A share; a proportion as assigned
to each.
Scarce one in this list but engages to supply a quota of brisk
young fellows, equip'd with hats and feathers.

QUOTATION. *n. f.* [from quote.]
1. The act of quoting; citation.
2. Passage adduced out of an author as evidence or illustration.
He, that has but ever so little examined the citations of
writers, cannot doubt how little credit the quotations deserve,
where the originals are wanting.

He rang'd his tropes, and preach'd up patience,
Back'd his opinion with quotations.

21 B
Prior.
TO QUOTE.